



Coordinating and integRating state-of-the-art Earth Observation Activities in the regions of North Africa, Middle East and Balkans and Developing Links with GEO related intiatives toward GEOSS

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- 1. Objectives WP 240
- 2. Deliverables
- 3. Methodology and Tools
- 4. Timeline and deadlines



To implement Copernicus and GEO in the region by meeting end-user needs. Inventory intermediary and end-user needs.







- 1. **Definitions**: who are the stakeholders whose needs we analyse?
- 2. Stakeholder mapping: who are the relevant actors in the value-added chain?
- 3. User needs survey:
 - Intermediate users: what data do they need to produce services
 - Final users: what objectives do they have? (where satellite data could help)



1. Definitions:

 agreement on how we define and qualify our target 'users' (intermediate and final) relative to the value-added chain

2. Stakeholder mapping:

Agreement on scope and methodology (see next slides)

3. User needs survey:

- agreement on 'needs': final and intermediary (potential) users don't need the same thing in the same form
- agreement on profile of the users investigated (public/private, large/intermediate/small, sector of activity, etc.) and methodology

+ agreement on timeline and deadlines



Methodology: Definitions



Methodology: definitions of target for needs survey (1 page)

- Data providers
 - They operate the satellite infrastructure and make available raw data
 - They operate the in-situ infrastructure and make available data
 - Core business: they provide raw (satellite) data
- Data interpreters
 - They access raw data
 - They process raw data
 - Core business: they provide processed satellite data

- Intermediate users (satellite data integrators, GIS providers with or without RS experience):

- They use processed satellite data
- They combine it with other sources
- Core business: they produce geo-information services (maps)

- Final users (they <u>use</u> maps)

- They use maps (or geographic information presented in any other way) to make a difference in their field of responsibilities. They objectives can include: effectiveness of public policies, improved quality of life, reduction of risks, improved environment
- Core business: they improve outcomes and take decisions in the applications sectors (energy, raw resources, climate change, agriculture), unrelated to geo-information production.



An intermediate user is a value-adding entity that creates maps.

It builds on raw or processed data, to deliver value-added products/services to another intermediate user or an end-users.

- They (can) use processed satellite data
- They combine it with other data sources

Their core business: they produce geo-information services (maps)

NB. Not all GIS companies use satellite-derived data.



An end user does not participate in the production of the map.

They use *maps* (or geographic information presented in any other way) to take decisions or take actions in their sector .

Their core business: they improve policy and outcomes in energy, raw materials, climate change, agriculture, food security.



Users – from this morning's presentations

- Private GEO companies
- National groundwater monitoring network
- Mining/quarrying companies
- Quarrying companies
- Envirnonmental agencies
- Regional authorities
- Sylos owners
- Chemical companies
- Decorative stones and building stones > building companies
- Various committees: sustainable devpt of mineral resources
- Forestry companies
- Ministry of eco > granting concessions
- Legal entities
- Investors
- Regional governments/Regions (CORINNE)
- Air traffic services administration geo-magnetic data user



Regulatory framework (top-down driven demand)

- Mountain law
- Water law
- Mining law



Methodology: stakeholder map

• Eurisy

 Eurisy proposes scheme of valueadded chain at kick-off meeting

- Eurisy proposes common Excel doc to collect unified responses on stakeholder organisations
- Eurisy builds on this basis a map per country. The common Excel guarantees data is comparable among countries with different governance

Partners

- Validate/comment/correct during meeting and by email
- Partners fill in Excel with data on stakeholders

 Partners validate/correct as needed



Methodology: stakeholder map (categories)





Methodology - stakeholder map input

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General remarks:

- the sample per country (min. 5 organisations acc. to KPIs) is too small for a quantitative survey. We therefore recommend a qualitative one, carried out through interviews.

- final users in particular do not identify themselves as "final users of satellite data". : all the more important that qualitative interviews should be carried out with them to scope the latent demand (rather than unaccompanied questionnaires sent 'en masse').

- some countries do not have confirmed users (or they have very few). Thus the survey should be extended to the potential users – which is the very interest of the needs survey (potential market demand)

- academia and research organisations should be excluded from the survey: they are not users in a « market » sense (Cf. our previous discussions).



Methodology: user needs survey





Timeline and deadlines

