





Slovenia's Experience: Using EU Cohesion Fund for Upgrading the Monitoring System

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Some basic facts about Slovenia

- Area of 20.273 km²
- cca 2 million inhabitants
- cca 62 % of area covered by forests
- waters: cca 28.000 km of watercourses (1,4 km/km²)

Juncture of three climatic regions:

Mediteranean, Alpine and Continental









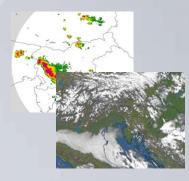


Some basic facts about the Slovenian Environment Agency (SEA):

TASKS

- National Meteorological Service
- National Hydrological Service
- National Seismological Service
- State of Environment Monitoring and Reporting
- Environmental Permitting and Licensing
- Water Management
 - ☐ 30 mio EUR annual budget
 - □ 380 employees























Slovenian Environment Agency Monitoring activities

METEOROLOGY
HIDROLOGY
WATER QUALITY
AIR QUALITY
SEISMOLOGY

1100 measuring spots







3800 masurement systems
330 different types of measuring equipment
204 measured parameters
27.000.000 measured data points/year

130 900 1

Supporting QA system



Accreditation of the laboratories – ISO/IEC/SIST 17025 (WMO RIC!)

Modelling based on monitoring results!







Slovenian Environment Agency PREVIOUS EXPERIENCES WITH PROJECTS, CO-FINANCED BY the EU

During the Slovenian pre-accession period (1998-2004), SEA implemented some projects, co-financed by the EU PHARE fund (cca 5.0 M€):

- Upgrade of the air quality network
- Upgrade of the water quality network
- Upgrade of the ionizing radiation network
- Upgrade of the seismological network











EU Cohesion Fund Project:

UPGRADE OF THE SYSTEM FOR MONITORING AND ANALYSING THE WATER ENVIRONMENT IN SLOVENIA

Boljše Opazovanje za Boljše Ekološke Rešitve

BOBER (BEAVER)

Better Observations for Better Environmental Response

To implement up-to-date means/tools of monitoring, forecasting and analyses!



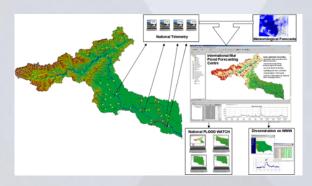




Main Objectives

- To improve monitoring of the water environment;
- To improve knowledge and assessment of the water environment in Slovenia;
- To improve hydrological and meteorological forecasts.









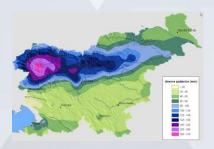




Timing of the project:

- First activities started in 2005
- 2008 Feasibility Study completed
- May 2010 EU Commission endorsed the project
- End of 2015 Completion of the project.





Severe flash floods in 2007!

- to improve monitoring network and forecasting tools to mitigate similar natural disasters!











Funding

Total cost estimated to 32.962.821 EUR (including VAT).

Two sources:

- EU: 85% funded by EU Cohesion Fund;
- National: 15% funded by the SEA (naional budget)

but:

- Staff costs of the SEA not included in the above figure
- More than 20 people permanently involved in the project during the implementation phase

Economic analysis

- Direct and indirect benefits
- Benefits, which can not be estimated financially









Results - Monitoring network:

 248 upgraded or new measurement locations (meteorology and hydrology)



- Upgraded equipment on 33 existing locations (meteorology and hydrology)
- New radar site installed and radar network upgraded;
- New equipment for hydrometric and sea dynamics measurements.











Results: New premises with equipment



- Meteorological and hydrological forecasting service
- Monitoring: maintenance and development services
- ☐ Calibration laboratory (WMO RIC!) incl. new equipment
- Analytical laboratory (water quality analyses) incl. new equipment







REPUBLIC OF SLOVENIA
MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND THE ENVIRONMENT
SLOVENIAN ENVIRONMENT AGENCY













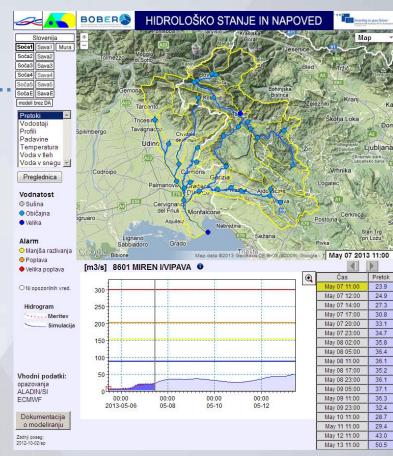
Results:

Forecasting systems for Sava and Soča rivers set-up

- monitoring, modeling, fotecasting.

Additional outcome:

Transfer of knowledge to the members of the *International Sava River Basin Commission*



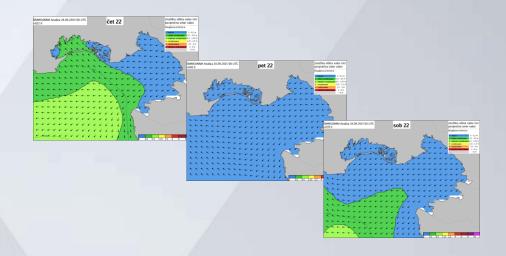




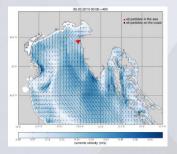


Results: Modelling tools for the sea dynamics

- Waves
- Currents
- Salinity
- Temperature
- Tide
- Dispersion of oil









Inclusion of satellite data: COPERNICUS!



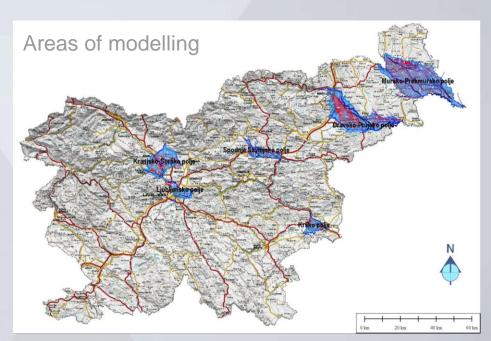




Results:

Expert system to support decision making processes on shallow alluvial groundwater bodies in Slovenia includes:

- Numerical expert system for decision support on the alluvial groundwater bodies;
- Model assessment of the available groundwater quantities;
- Model-based environment to simulate the effects of abstractions.





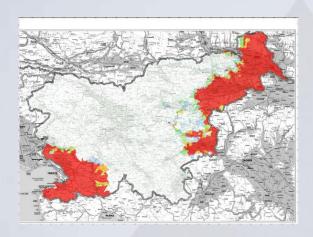




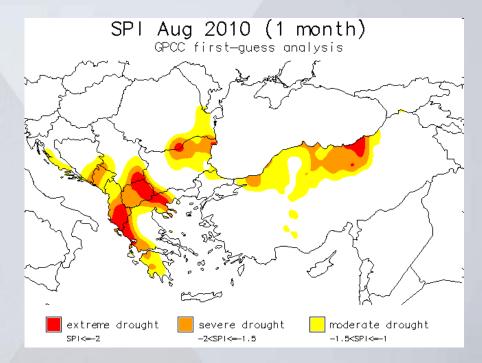
Results:

Expert system to support drought monitoring:

- Follow the relevant quantities of climatological records, automatic measurement, phenological and soil data using specific tools for data analysis;
- Integration of external data sources: abstractions data, satellite data...
- Calculating water balances;
- Processing of data and preparation of grid rasters and maps for publications.



Support to the DMCSEE!









Coupling of Oceanographic and Meteorological Models

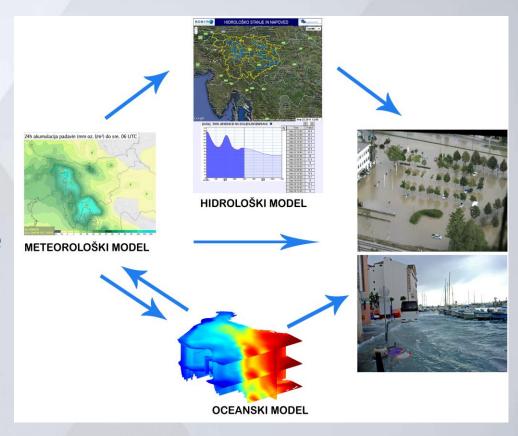
Challenge:

Modelling of the mutual impact of the sea and atmosphere:

Solution:

Coupled modelling chains for the modelling of the sea, atmosphere and river discharges.

First results obtained!









Thank you for your attention