









## To study soils you need to dig a pit:



# From raw data to policy relevant information



European Commission







5%

Arthure, Socia Propert Rear of Loowegie, Strategie Properties Day, Missio Burnat







The State of Soil in Europe



## **Providing Policy Relevant Soil Data and Information to Commission Services**



European Commission

#### Main Soil Related EU Policy Areas served by the JRC SOIL Activities:

- EU Soil Thematic Strategy
- Common Agricultural Policy (CAP)
- Climate Change Policy (Post-Kyoto debate, LULUCF)
- > Energy Policy (Renewable Energies Directive)
- Industrial policy (Fertilizers Regulation)
- Biodiversity (Nature) Protection Policy (EU Biodiversity Strategy)
- Water Protection Policy (WFD, Groundwater Directive)
- Forest Protection Policy (Forest FOCUS, ICP Forest)
- Regional Policies (INTERREG)
- Food Safety (PPR Registration, EFSA)
- Food Security (FAO)
- Development Policy (ACP-Observatory)
- Waste Policy (Biowaste Directive, Sewage Sludge Directive)
- ≻ .....etc.



#### LUCAS: EUROPEAN LAND USE / COVER AREA FRAME STATISTICAL SURVEY







#### LUCAS SOIL: TRAINING, SUPPORT MATERIAL, DATA AND RESULTS









## **Methodology**



### The LUCAS spectral library



#### Current status:

- 23 European countries
- ~20,000 high quality spectral readings

 Metadata: Clay, silt, sand, OC, pH, CEC, CaCO<sub>3</sub>, Geographical coordinates, land use, etc



#### Creation of four subsets: Cropland, Grassland, Woodland, and Organic soils



## **Results and discussion**



### **Best SOC predictions**







- LOCAL approach is based on spectral similarities, and attempts to create meaningful partitions of the spectral library
- The combined use of other covariates and spectra in the selection procedure of the predicting neighbours produces more accurate results than using only spectra
- The prediction accuracy (RMSE) ranges between:
  - cropland soils: 3.6 g C kg<sup>-</sup>
  - grassland soils: 7.9 g C kg<sup>-1</sup>
  - woodland soils: 11.9 g C kg<sup>-1</sup>
  - organic soils: 51.1 g C kg<sup>-1</sup>
- Importance to work with wide and homogenous spectral libraries

## Soil sample collection 2015

| COUNTRY | Soil samples |  |  |  |
|---------|--------------|--|--|--|
| AT      | 571          |  |  |  |
| BE      | 146          |  |  |  |
| BG      | 679          |  |  |  |
| CY      | 81           |  |  |  |
| CZ      | 445          |  |  |  |
| DE      | 1759         |  |  |  |
| DK      | 226          |  |  |  |
| EE      | 201          |  |  |  |
| EL      | 644          |  |  |  |
| ES      | 4055         |  |  |  |
| FI      | 1175         |  |  |  |
| FR      | 3050         |  |  |  |
| HR      | 122          |  |  |  |
| HU      | 429          |  |  |  |
| IE      | 197          |  |  |  |
| IT      | 1653         |  |  |  |
| LT      | 365          |  |  |  |
| LU      | 13           |  |  |  |
| LV      | 327          |  |  |  |
| MT      | 3            |  |  |  |
| NL      | 177          |  |  |  |
| PL      | 1515         |  |  |  |
| PT      | 447          |  |  |  |
| RO      | 1102         |  |  |  |
| SE      | 1957         |  |  |  |
| SI      | 153          |  |  |  |
| SK      | 230          |  |  |  |
| UK      | 758          |  |  |  |
| Total   | 22480        |  |  |  |

## Samples have been taken in:

- LUCAS points already sampled in 2009/2012 (altitude <1000 m)</li>
- New LUCAS points located at altitude greater than >1000 m
- Sampling methodology: same as in 2009/2012





## **Analyses of soil samples 2015**

| CORE PARAMETERS               |  |  |  |
|-------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Coarse fragments              |  |  |  |
| Particle-size distribution    |  |  |  |
| Clay content                  |  |  |  |
| Silt Content                  |  |  |  |
| Sand Content                  |  |  |  |
| pH(CaCl <sub>2</sub> )        |  |  |  |
| pH(H <sub>2</sub> O)          |  |  |  |
| Electrical conductivity       |  |  |  |
| Organic carbon                |  |  |  |
| Carbonate content             |  |  |  |
| Phosphorus content            |  |  |  |
| Total nitrogen content        |  |  |  |
| Extractable potassium content |  |  |  |
| Cation exchange capacity      |  |  |  |

### Planned start date of analysis: December 2016



| CORE PARAMETERS                        |            |          |                       |  |  |
|--|------------|----------|-----------------------|--|--|
| Parameter                              | Unit       | Decimals | N° samples to analyse |  |  |
| Coarse fragments                       | %          | 0        | 6,700                 |  |  |
| Particle-size distribution (FAO, 2006) | -          | -        |                       |  |  |
| Clay content                           | %          | 0        | 6,700                 |  |  |
| Silt Content                           | %          | 0        | 6,700                 |  |  |
| Sand Content                           | %          | 0        | 6,700                 |  |  |
| pH(CaCl <sub>2</sub> )                 | -          | 1        | 22,500                |  |  |
| pH(H <sub>2</sub> O)                   | -          | 2        | 22,500                |  |  |
| Electrical conductivity                | mS/m       | 2        | 22,500                |  |  |
| Organic carbon                         | g/kg       | 1        | 22,500                |  |  |
| Carbonate content                      | g/kg       | 0        | 22,500                |  |  |
| Phosphorus content                     | mg/kg      | 1        | 22,500                |  |  |
| Total nitrogen content                 | g/kg       | 0        | 22,500                |  |  |
| Extractable potassium content          | mg/kg      | 1        | 22,500                |  |  |
| Cation exchange capacity               | cmol(+)/kg | 1        | 22,500                |  |  |

The number of samples to analyse in the table is illustrative.

*Multispectral analysis in circa 22500 samples X-ray diffraction in 400 samples* 







### European Commission –Global Soil Partnership SOIL SPECTROSCOPY: THE PRESENT AND THE FUTURE OF SOIL MONITORING

### FAO Headquarter Rome – Italy 4-6 December 2013 – World Soil Day

Creation and analysis of large scale spectral libraries

Soil spectroscopy to monitor the state of soil resources

Harmonization of the protocol for the collection of laboratory spectra

DETAILS : http://www.fao.org/globalsoilpartnership/events/detail/it/c/174779/





#### PLAN OF ACTION FOR PILLAR FOUR OF THE GLOBAL SOIL PARTNERSHIP







PLAN OF ACTION FOR PILLAR FIVE

OF THE GLOBAL SOIL PARTNERSHIP

**GSP** Plenary Assembly

Enhance the quantity and quality of soil data and information: data collection (generation), analysis, validation, reporting, monitoring and integration with other disciplines

PILLAR FOUR WORKING GROUP:

- AFRICA: Martin Yemefack.
- Asia: Ganlin Zhang
- **EUROPE:** Rainer Baritz.
- **GSP SECRETARIAT (FAO):** Ronald Vargas •
- LATIN AMERICA: Aracely Castro.
- MIDDLE EAST AND NORTH AFRICA: Rachid Moussadek,
- NORTH AMERICA: Jon Hempel,
- SOUTH-WEST PACIFIC: Neil McKenzie (Chair)

Harmonization of methods, measurements and indicators for the sustainable management and protection of soil resources

Providing mechanisms for the collation, analysis and exchange of consistent and comparable global soil data and information

**PILLAR FIVE WORKING GROUP:** 

- CHAIR: Rainer Baritz
- ASIA: Hakki Erdogan, Kazumichi Fujii and Yusuke Takata EUROPE: Marco Nocita, Bernd Bussian and Niels Batjes,
- NORTH AMERICA: Jon Hempel
- SOUTH WEST PACIFIC: Peter Wilson
- SECRETARY: Ronald Vargas













## Thank you for your interest!



GLOBAL SOIL PARTNERSHIP





INTERGOVERNMENTAL TECHNICAL PANEL ON SOILS

## http://esdac.jrc.ec.europa.eu