

Funded under H2020 - Climate action, environment, resource efficiency and raw materials

ACTIVITY: Developing Comprehensive and Sustained Global Environmental Observation and Information Systems CALL IDENTIFIER: H2020 SC5-18b-2015 Integrating North African, Middle East and Balkan Earth Observation capacities in GEOSS

**Project GA number: 690133 Total Budget: 2,910,800.00** €

# **GEO-CRADLE**:

Fostering regional cooperation and roadmap for GEO and Copernicus implementation in N. Africa, Middle East, and the Balkans



Haris KONTOES, Research Director, National Observatory of Athens,

**Project Coordinator** 









#### **GEO-CRADLE**

... is a unique EU funded Coordination Action running at regional level, ... is looking at the N. Africa, Middle East, and the Balkan territories; It seeks to identify common needs, create synergies, and integrate capacities;



Fosters the regional cooperation and integration of monitoring capabilities and networks, and scientific skills;

Proposes/sets up large scale regional initiatives based on the Earth Observation (space based and in-situ) for addressing societal priorities and enhancing the societal resilience in the thematic areas of Adaptation to Climate Change, Access to Raw Materials, better exploitation of the renewable Energy resources, and Food Security

Objectives

- **Promote** the uptake of EO services and data in response to regional needs
- Support the effective integration of existing Earth Observation Capacities in the region
- Facilitate the engagement of the complete ecosystem of EO stakeholders in the region
- Enhance the participation in and contribution to the implementation of GEOSS and Copernicus in North Africa, Middle East and the Balkans













#### The Thematic Priorities of GEO-CRADLE are linked with the SDGs











Improved
Food Security

- Water
Extremes
Management
(IFS)

2 ZERO
2 HUNGER
12 RESPONSIBLE
CONSUMPTION
AND PRODUCTION
AND PRODUCTION
CONSUMPTION
AND PRODUCTION
AND PRODUCTION
CONSUMPTION

Access to
Raw
Materials
(ARM)

1 NO POVERTY
POVERTY
POVERTY
STATEMENT
(SSS

Access to Energy (SENSE)

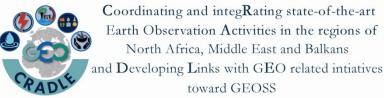
7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY
9 AND INFRASTRUCTURE

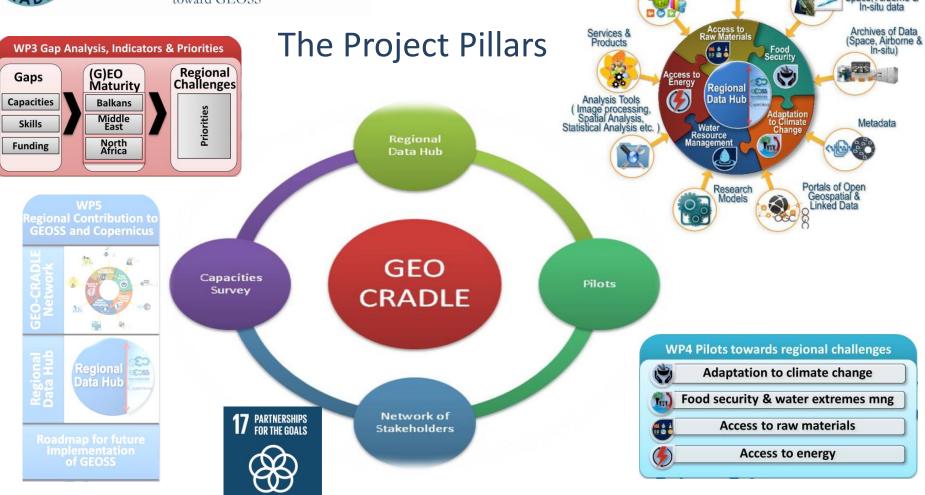












Visit: <a href="http://195.251.203.238/surveygeocradle/index.php/inventories/capacities/gc-survey1">http://195.251.203.238/surveygeocradle/index.php/inventories/capacities/gc-survey1</a>







Monitoring Networks (Space, Airborne & In-situ)

> Catalogues of Space, Airborne &

Studies & Project deliverables



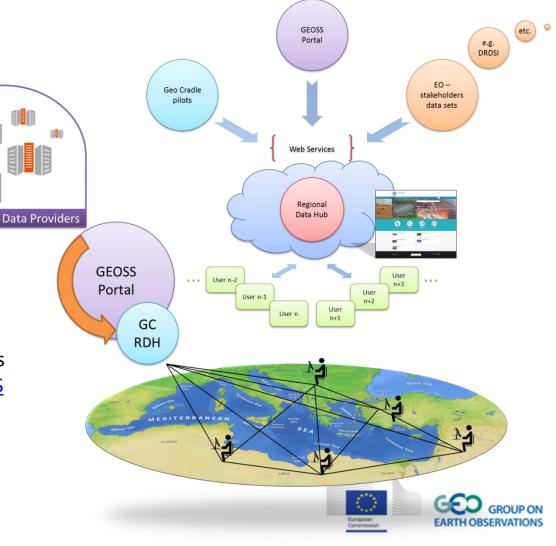


Regional Data Hub – Connection with GEOSS & Regional Portals

➢ GEO CRADLE Regional Data Hub (GC-RDH) is going to provide its users with a transparent discovery and access mechanism of the GEOSS portal's resources, and other regional portals!

This mechanism will heavily rely on the <a href="GEO Discovery and Access Broker">GEO Discovery and Access Broker</a> (DAB)

APIs which is a middleware component in charge of interconnecting the heterogeneous and distributed capacities contributing to GEOSS; part of the <a href="GEOSS Common Infrastructure">GEOSS</a> Common Infrastructure (GCI) since November 2011.









Guides

the implementation of GEOSS and the uptake of Copernicus in the Rol

Roadmap for future Implementation of GEOSS and Copernicus **Assesses** 

the readiness and maturity of each country in the Rol

Lays out

the actions for the long-term response to major regional challenges in the Rol

**Paves** 

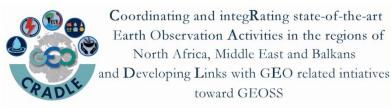
the ground for a potential regional large initiative























# BEYOND, The European EO Center of Excellence in N. Africa, Middle East, Balkans (BAMENA)



Building a Centre of Excellence for EO-based monitoring of Natural Disasters

<u>www.beyond-eocenter.eu</u>

Funded under FP7-REGPOT-2012-2013-1
Activity: 4.1 Unlocking and developing the research potential of research entities established in the EU's Convergence regions and Outermost regions



Dr Haris KONTOES

Research Director of IAASARS/NOA

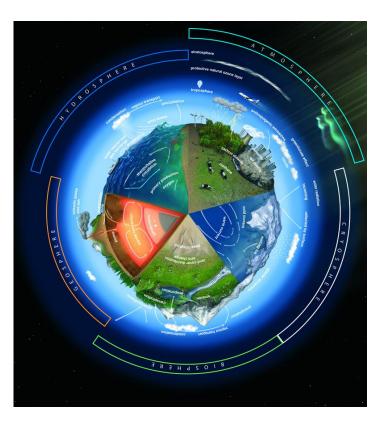
Project Coordinator



Funding: 2.3 MEuros EC Contribution

Additional funding from Structural Funds ~270KEuros





- ▶ BEYOND sets up innovative solutions for EO, allowing to a multitude of monitoring networks (space borne and in-situ) available over the region to operate in a complementary, unified, and coordinated manner
- BEYOND builds innovative research and skills capacity in the domain of EO through scientific exchange with European and regional partnering organisations
- BEYOND transforms the observations to added value products ready for down-streaming to specific societal needs in the domain of environmental monitoring and Natural Disasters
- BEYOND delivers online observations and higher level EO products and services to stakeholders, and international scientific and End User communities

#### **BEYOND IS LINKED WITH SDGs FRAMEWORK**

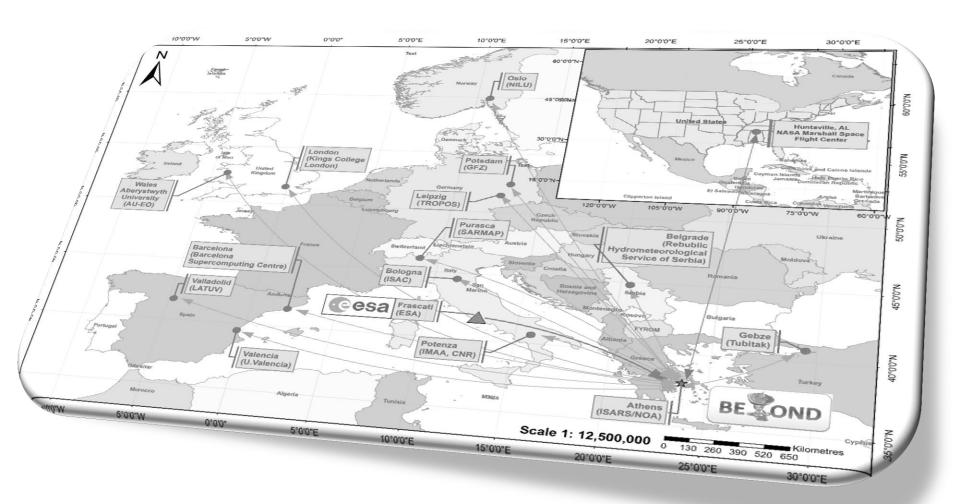
**BEYOND** gathers information about the Earth's **physical, chemical and biological systems**. It monitors and assess the status of, and changes in, the natural environment and the built environment

**BEYOND** through its active involvement in EU funded programs (e.g. Copernicus EMS) is playing a central role in achieving SDGs and is linked with specific targets as:

- Develops and implements, in line with the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction, holistic disaster risk management at all levels
- > Suggests mitigation and adaptation measures to climate change
- Enhances the resilience of societies to disasters (extreme weather disastrous events (fires, floods, surge storms), atmospheric episodes (toxic clouds, dust storms), geo-hazards (earthquakes, landslides, sol erosion, tsunamis, volcanoes)
- > Protects the human welfare and health
- Anticipates the protection of food against soil erosion, and extreme events such as flooding and drought
- ➤ Increases the sustainability of the urban environment, and reduces the vulnerability of the built up areas to atmosphere episodes and geo-hazards











## What is Copernicus? An overview

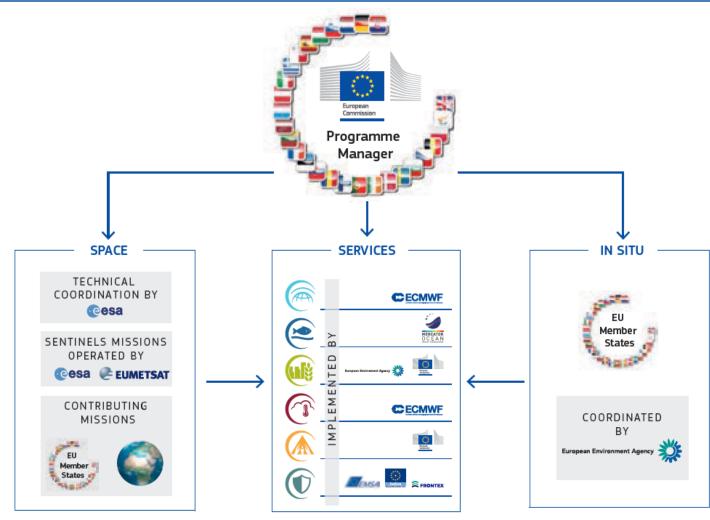


- A complex set of systems which collect data from multiple sources: earth observation satellites and *in situ* sensors
- Six thematic areas: land, marine, atmosphere, climate change, emergency management and security
- Main users of Copernicus services are policy makers & public authorities
- Free and open access on Copernicus data & products => commercial applications
- Coordinated and managed by the European Commission
  - ESA -> development of the observation infrastructure
  - EAA -> in situ component





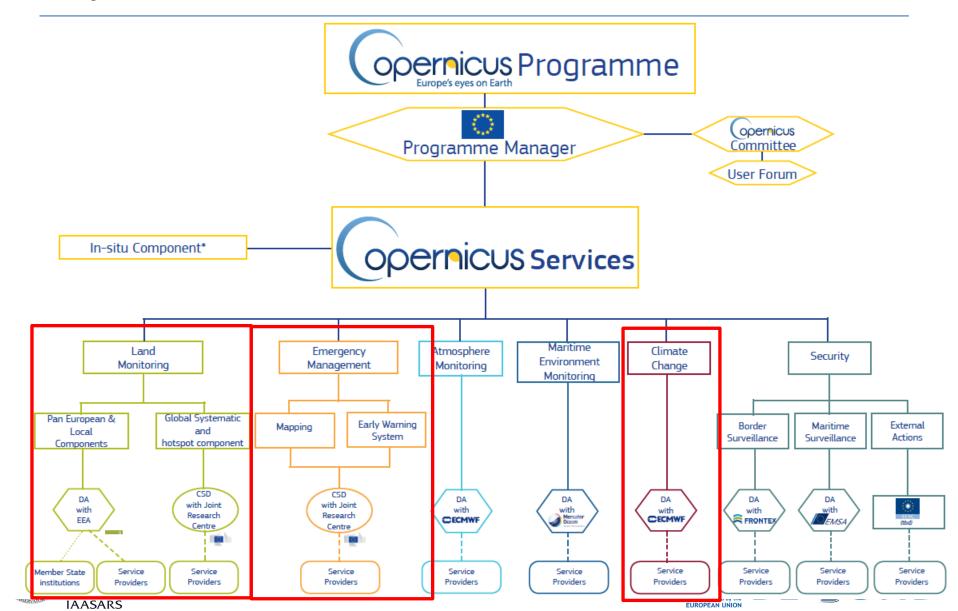
# What is Copernicus? An overview



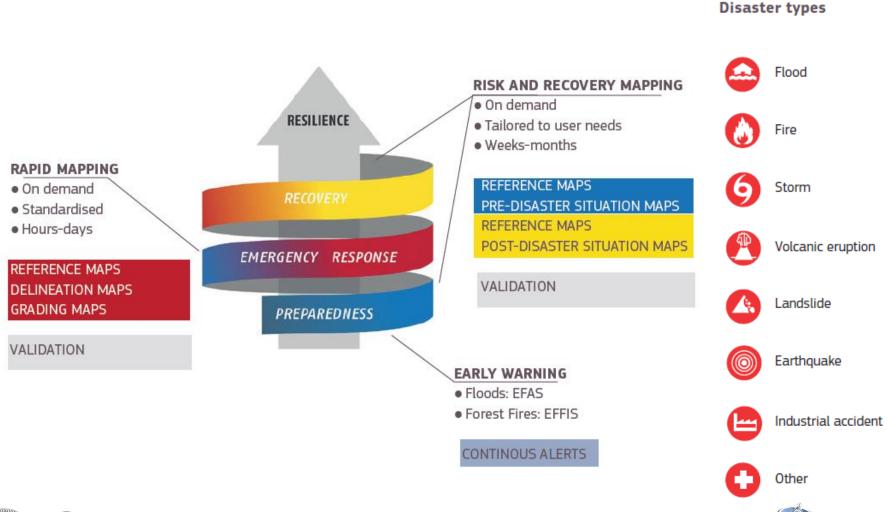




## Copernicus EMS BEYOND's involvement

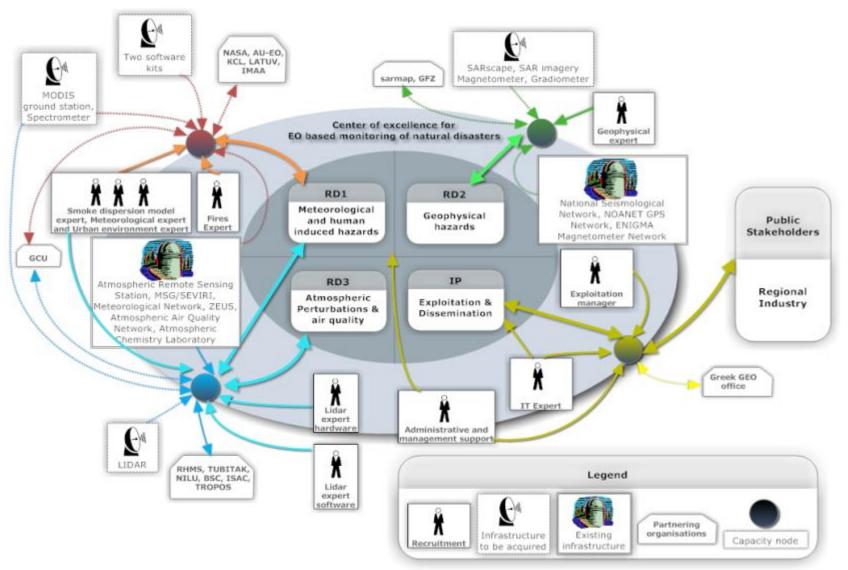


# **Copernicus EMS** The three pillars









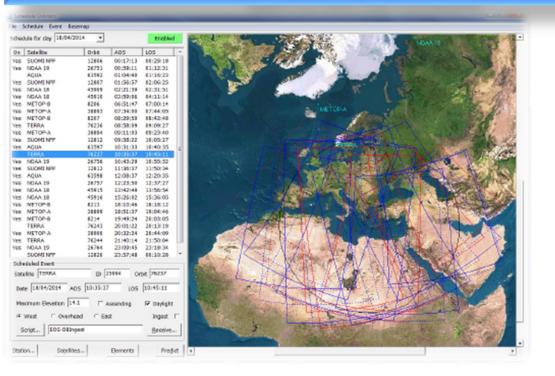




Operate a Region-wide X-/L- band multi-mission station:

EOS Aqua and Terra, SUOMI NPP, JPSS, NOAA, Met Op, FengYun)

part of the DB network









Operate two MSG acquisition stations of DVB-S & DVB-S2 systems

EXPloit high throughput provided with the new EUMETCast Europe service, based on using the EUTELSAT 10A

part of EUMETSAT's network







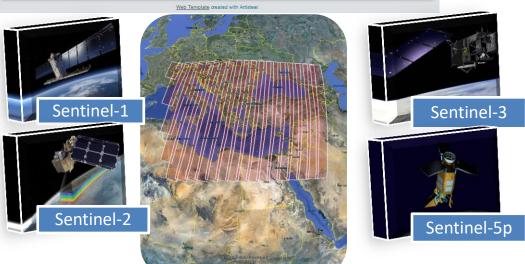


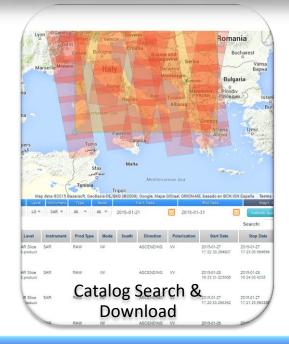






Operate the 1<sup>st</sup> Collaborative Ground Segment (Hellenic Sentinel Data Hub- Mirror Site), allowing near real time acquisition of S-1, S-2, S3, and future S5P satellite missions

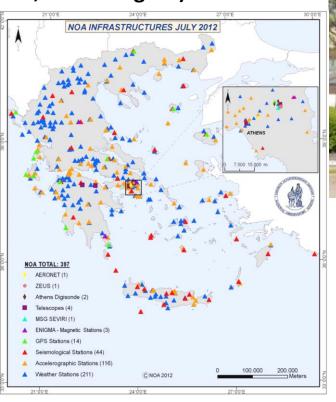




http://Sentinels.space.noa.gr



Map of the deployed in-situ monitoring networks (meteo, GPS, geomagnetic, air, seismological)



Operate Ground Lidar Stations, part of the ACTRIS Research Infrastructure





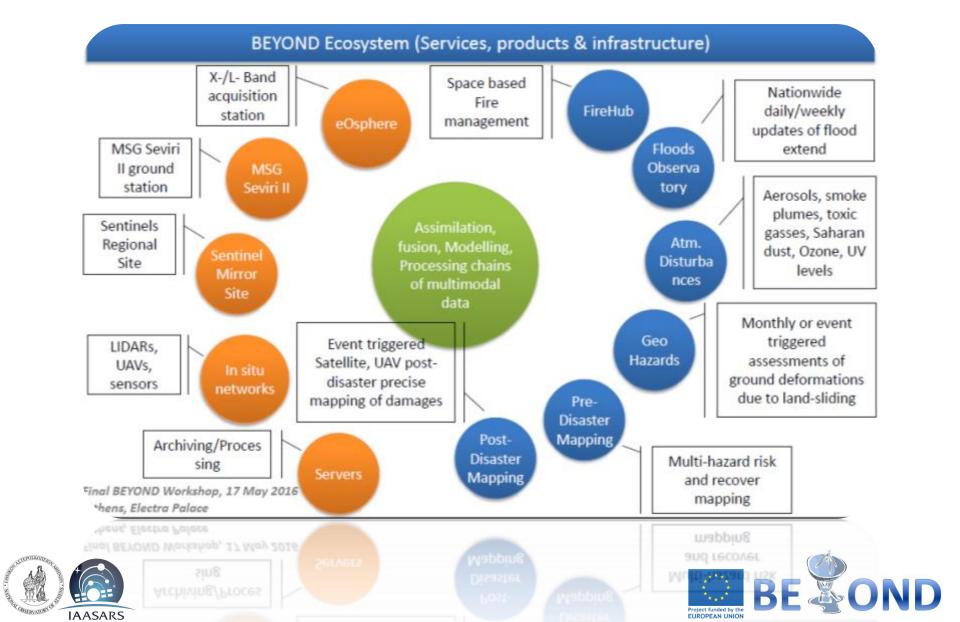


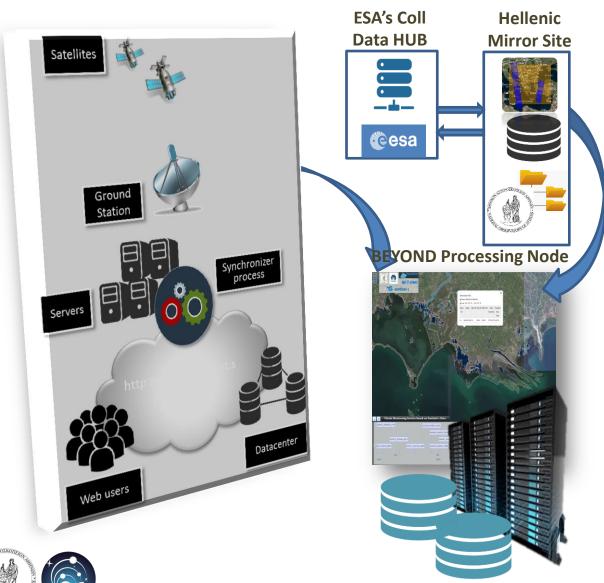


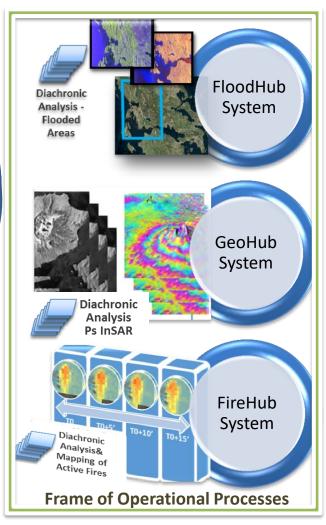














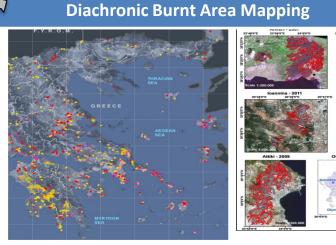




daily/weekly/seasonally



**Fire Brigade Control Room** 









#### Regional Real Time Fire Monitoring - NOA's MSG SEVIRI Station



SEVIRI MIR 070823\_1030 UTC

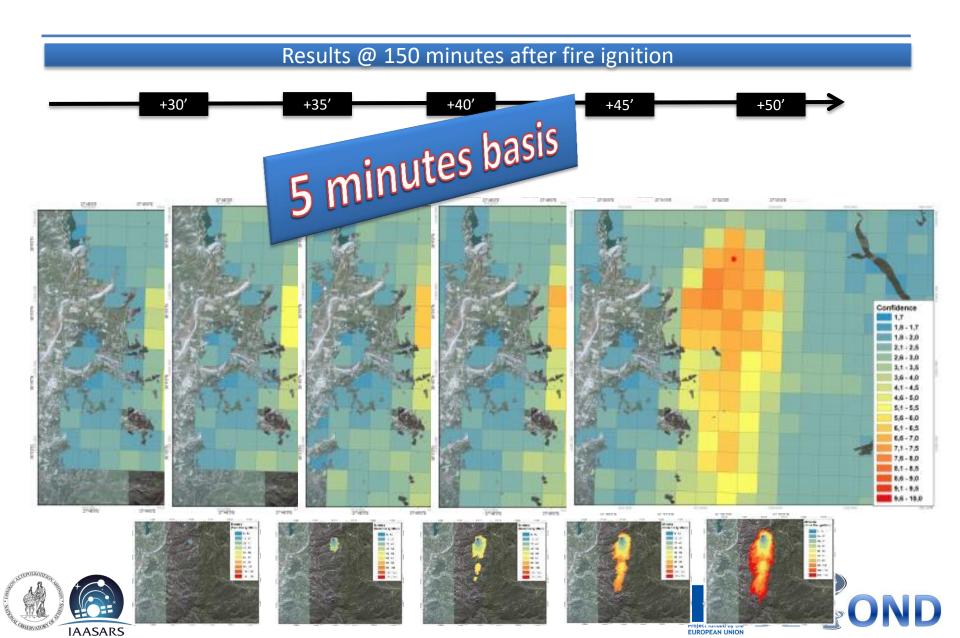
POTENTIAL FIRE CONFIRMED FIRE

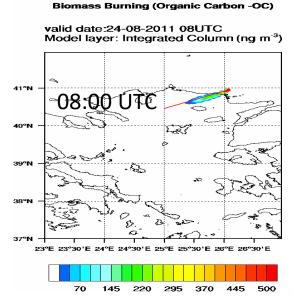
#### Regional Real Time Fire Monitoring - NOA's MSG SEVIRI Station



SEVIRI MIR 070823\_1030 UTC

POTENTIAL FIRE CONFIRMED FIRE

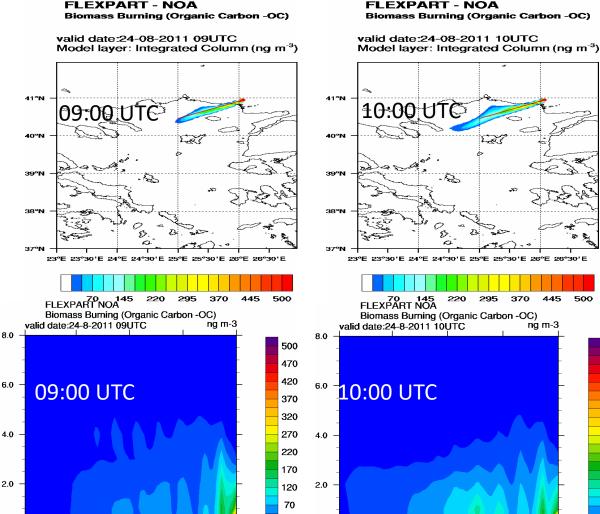




**FLEXPART - NOA** 

**Forecasting Vertical** structure of smoke plume Cross section of **Organic Carbon** concentration (ng m-3)

0.0



445

500

470

420

370

320

270

220

170

120

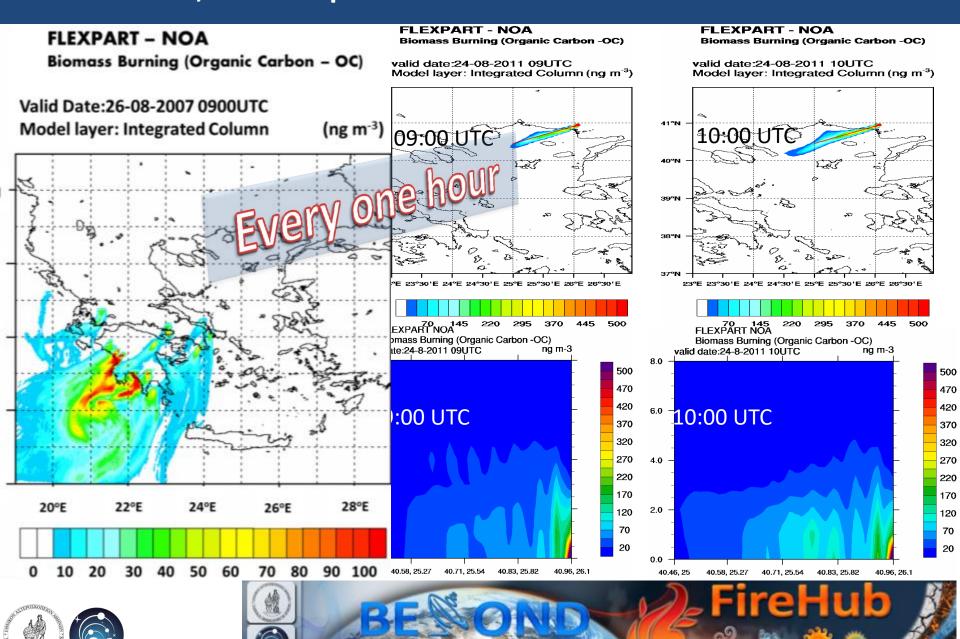
ng m-3





20

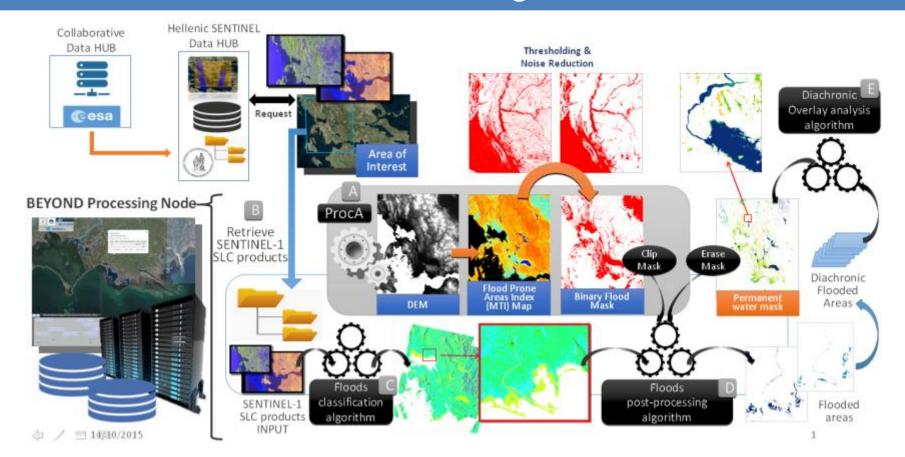
0.0



**IAASARS** 

## FloodHub: BEYOND's Floods Monitoring Service

#### Architecture

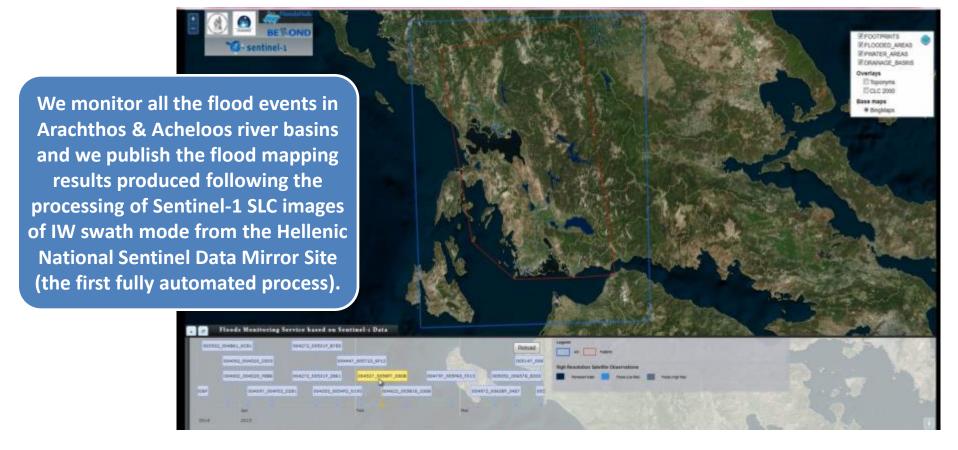






## FloodHub: BEYOND's Floods Monitoring Service

#### Overview

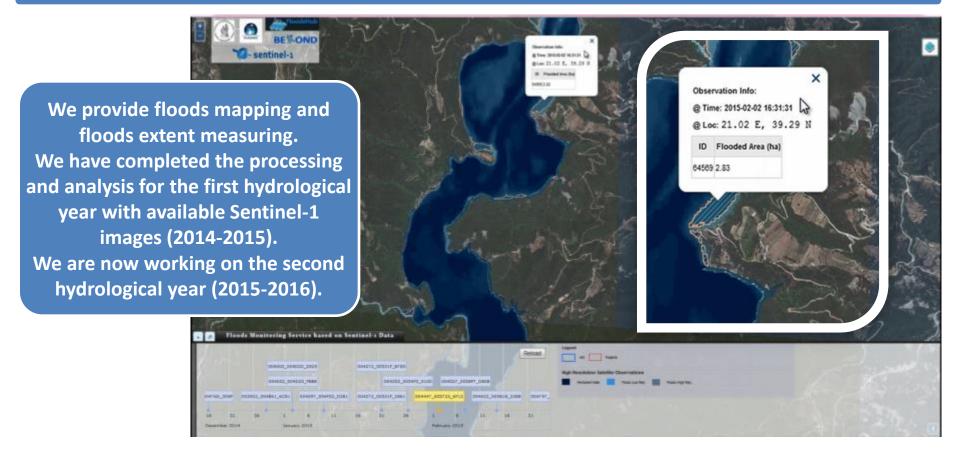






## FloodHub: BEYOND's Floods Monitoring Service

#### **Detail**



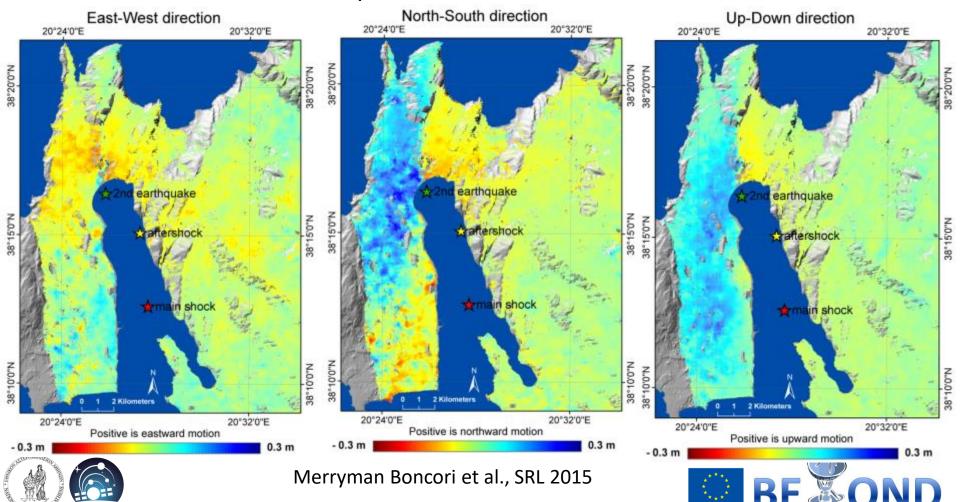




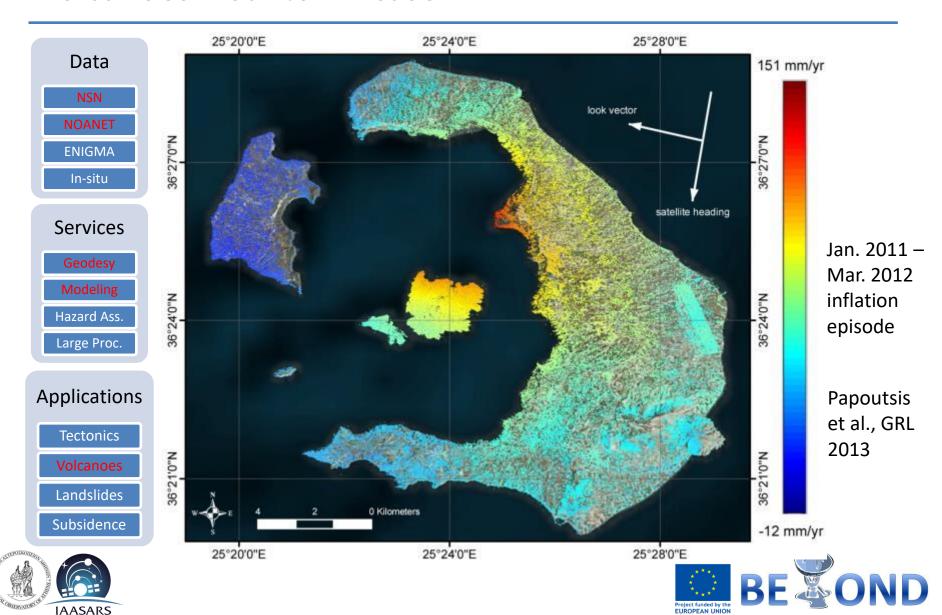
# Earthquakes – Cephalonia case

- •3D crustal deformation from TerraSAR-X & COSMO-SkyMed data
- Inversion to estimate fault parameters

**IAASARS** 

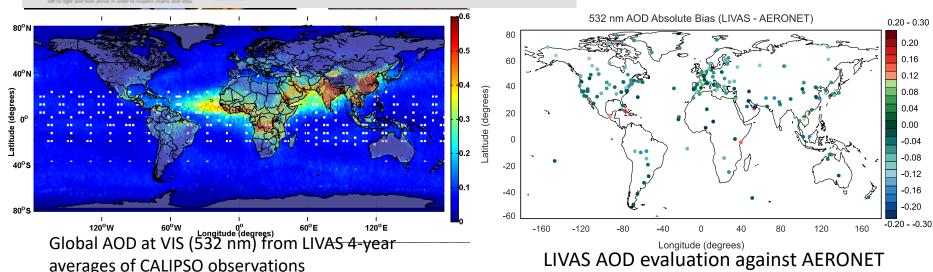


#### Volcanoes – Santorini case





Global 3D climatology of aerosols and clouds
LIVAS portal under BEYOND
(1x1 degree resolution)

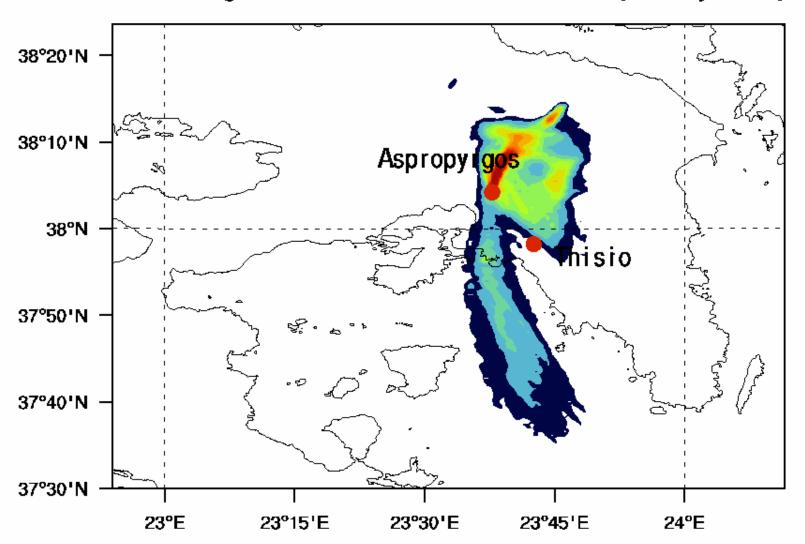






BEYOND / NOA FLEXPART Smoke Integrated Column

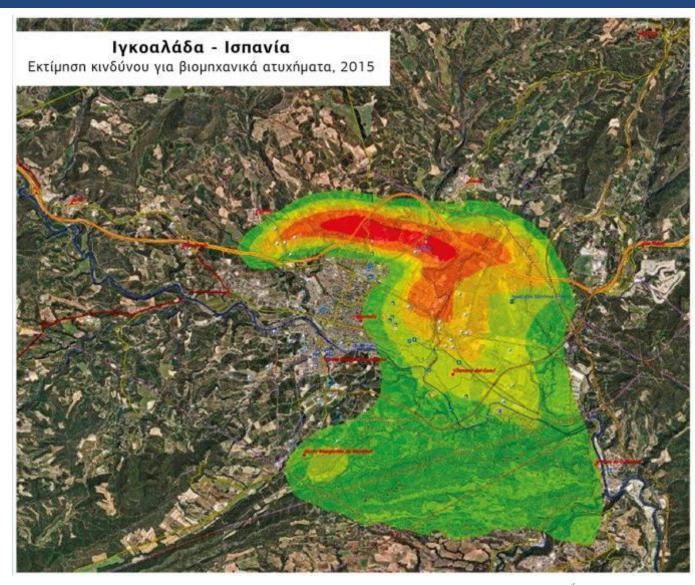
#### valid:09-06-2015 1300 UTC (Arbitrary Values)



Copernicus EMS Risk & Recovery Activations

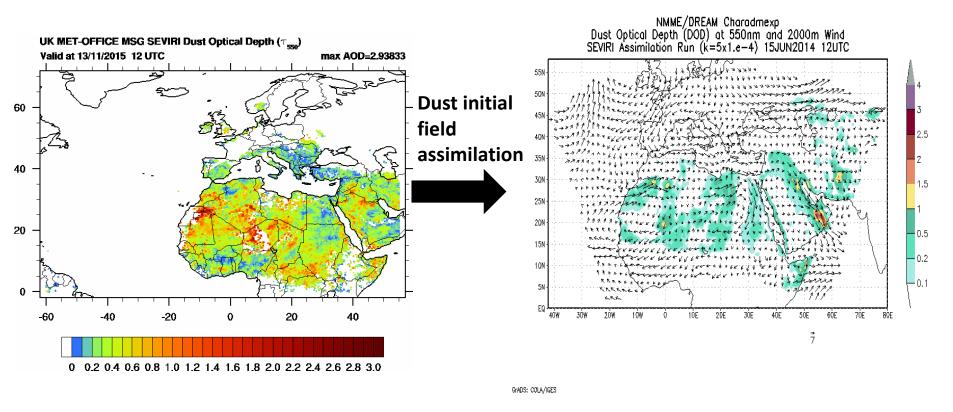
Catalonia, Spain EMSN026

Toxic cloud after an industrial accident









U.K. Met Office MSG dust optical thickness 
NMME-DREAM model with dust assimilation



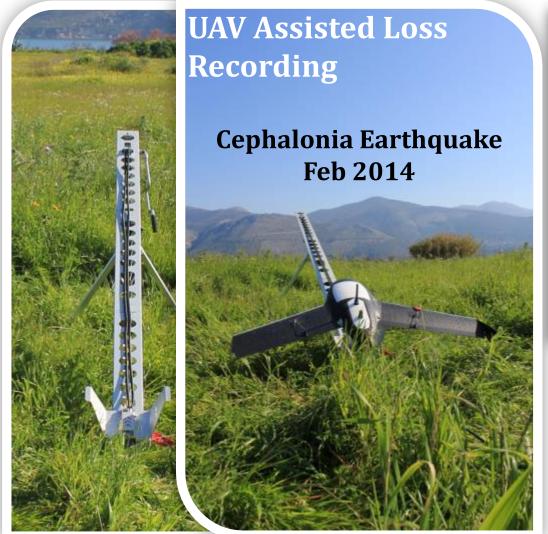








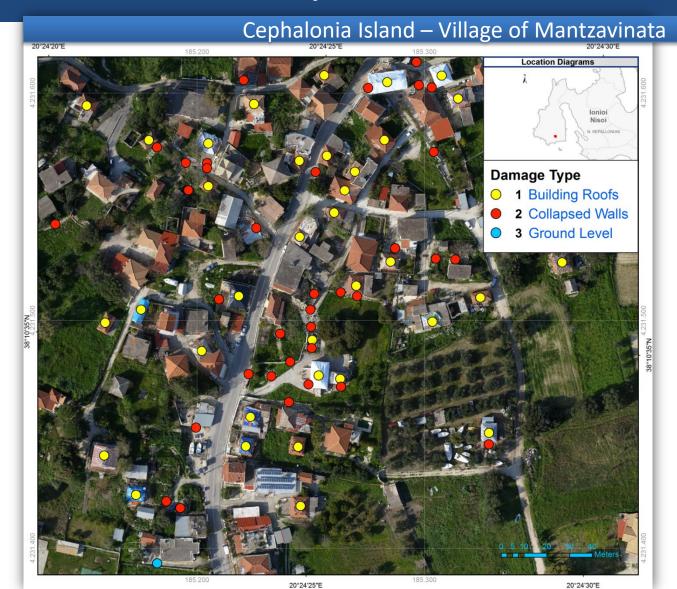






















#### **Activation**

Thasos, Greece

Fire





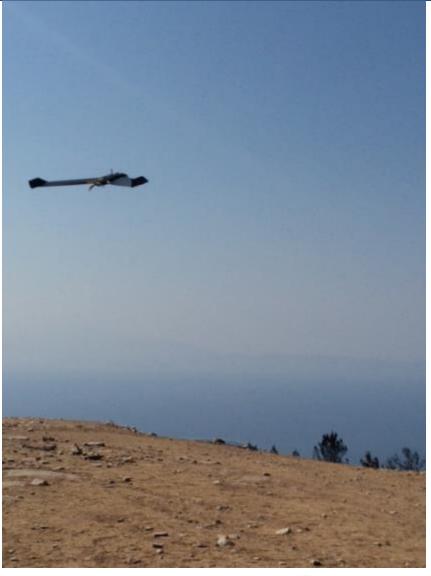


#### **Activation**

Thasos, Greece

Fire











Thasos, Greece

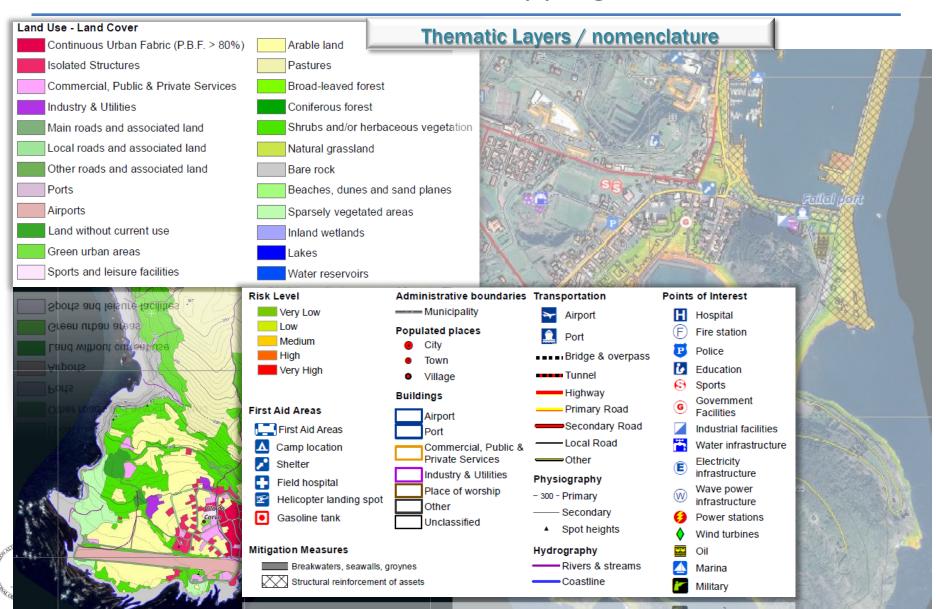
Fire







## **Azores activation** Reference mapping

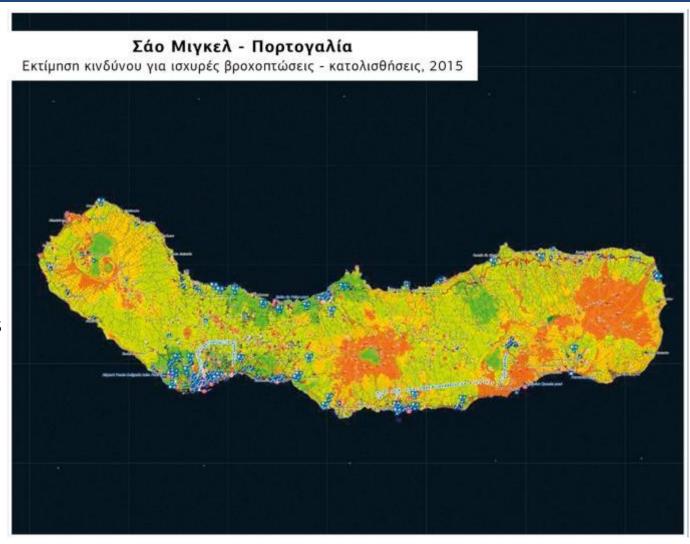


## Copernicus EMS Risk & Recovery Activations

Azores islands, Portugal EMSN018

Multiple natural hazards:

- Seismic
- Flash Flood
- Tsunami & Storm Surges
  - Landslide & Erosion
    - Lava Flow
    - Coastal Erosion







#### **Azores activation**

#### Tsunami



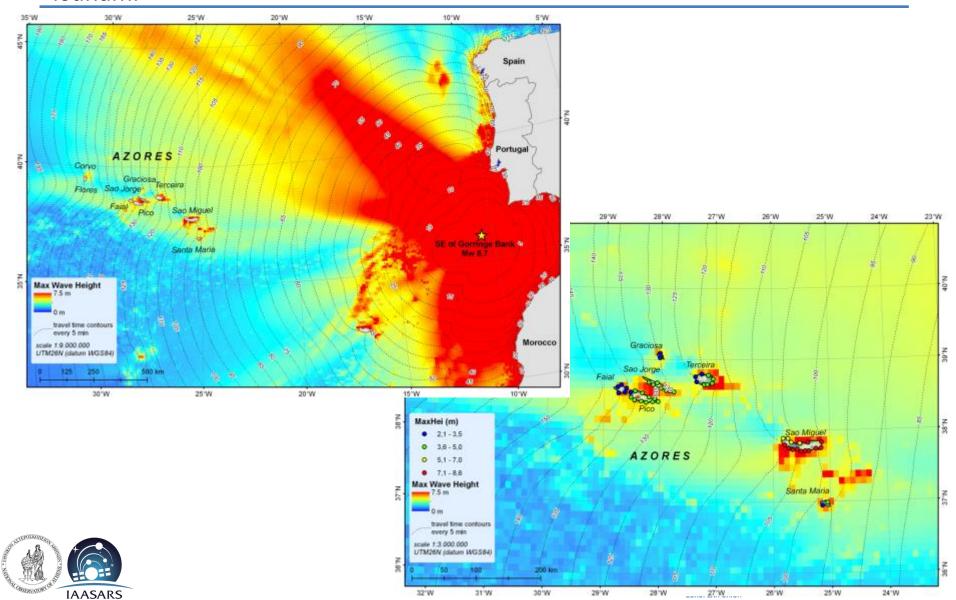
Tsunami Hazard Severity	Local Water Depth (m)
Very Low	<2
Low	2-4
Medium	4-6
High	6-8
Very High	>8





#### **Azores activation**

#### Tsunami



#### **Azores activation**

#### Tsunami

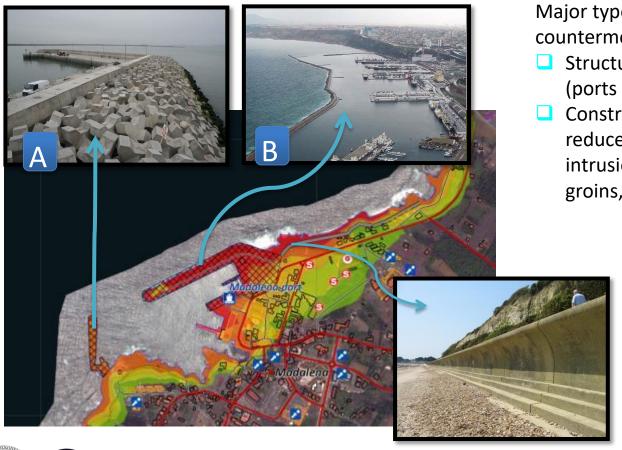






#### **Azores activation**

Tsunami



Major types of structural countermeasures:

- Structural reinforcement of assets (ports & other on-land facilities) [A]
- Construction of defences in order to reduce tsunami & storm surges intrusion (Breakwaters, seawalls, groins, quays, dykes / levees) [B]





Copernicus EMS Risk & Recovery Activations

Bulgaria EMSN022

Flood











## For more information

http://www.beyondeocenter.eu

http://geocradle.eu/

# thank you!











