Spectral Imaging of Soils: past present and future"

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Department of Geography Tel Aviv University

2nd International Conference on Airborne Research for the Environment, <u>DLR - the German Aerospace</u> <u>Research Center</u>, in Oberpfaffenhofen, 10 - 13 July 2017







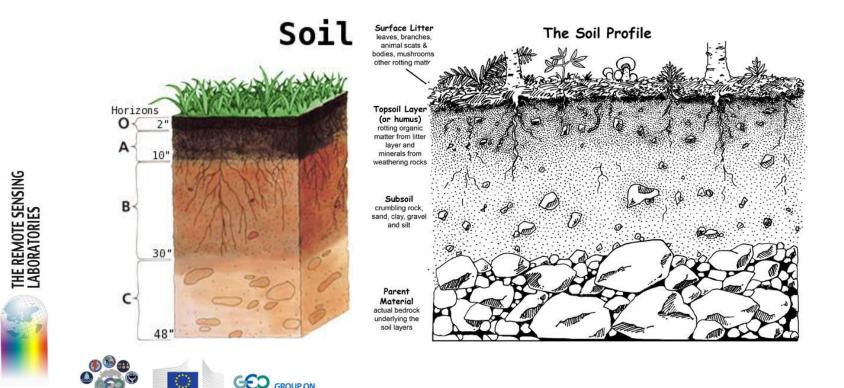
Definition 1

GROUP ON EARTH OBSERVATIONS

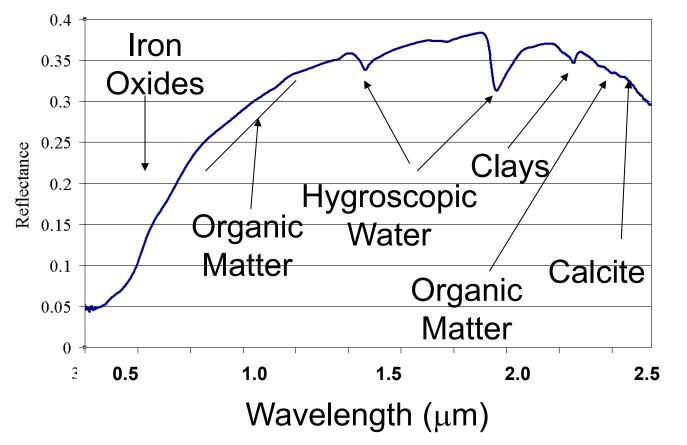


Soil

The upper I is dug, I **medium for plants to grow** son 1957)



Soil Spectrum – An elegant wat to simplest the complexity of the soil system



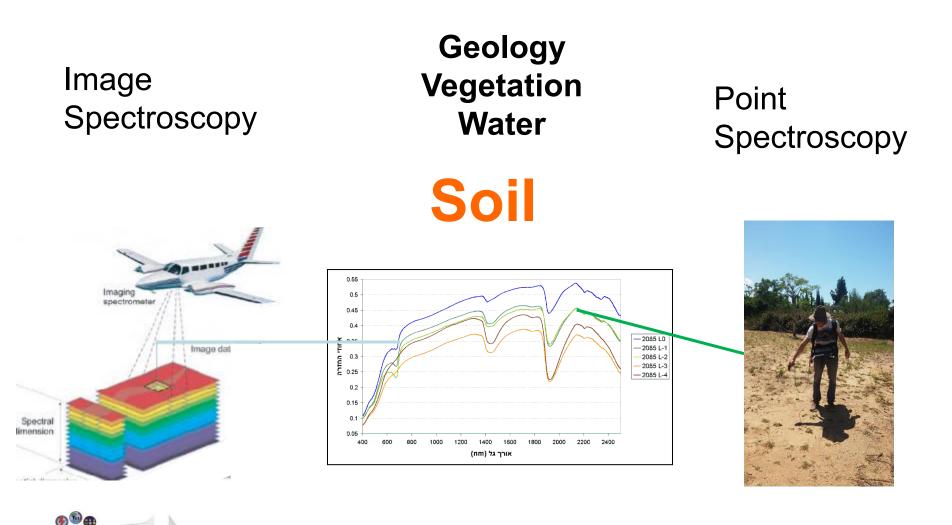




Strong Link between Point and Image Spectroscopy

GROUP ON EARTH OBSERVATIONS





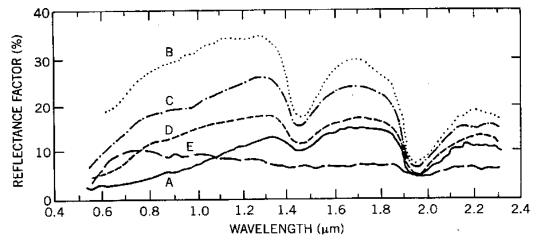
Quantitative spectroscopy – Chemometrics

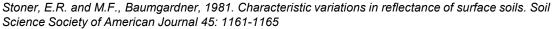




1980 – First Soil Spectral Library











Advanced in Agronomy

2015

Soil Spectroscopy: An Alternative to Wet Chemistry for Soil Monitoring

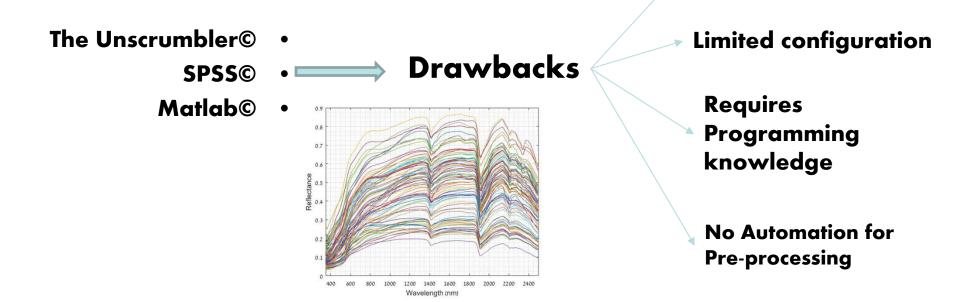
M. Nocita^{*, §, 1}, A. Stevens[§], B. van Wesemael[§], M. Aitkenhead[¶], M. Bachmann^{||}, B. Barthès[#], E. Ben Dor^{**}, D.J. Brown^{§§}, M. Clairotte[#], A. Csorba^{¶¶}, P. Dardenne^{||||}, J.A.M. Demattê^{##}, V. Genot[†], C. Guerrero^{***}, M. Knadel^{§§§}, L. Montanarella^{*}, C. Noon[§], L. Ramirez-Lopez^{¶¶¶}, J. Robertson[¶], H. Sakai^{||||||}, J.M. Soriano-Disla^{###}, K.D. Shepherd^{****}, B. Stenberg^{§§§§}, E.K. Towett^{****}, R. Vargas^{¶¶¶¶} and J. Wetterlind^{§§§§}





Today: Supervised Machine Learning for data mining

Limited output



Tomorrow : Automated Deep Leering Aproach

PARACUDA©	



- One click button
- No need to be expert in machine learning approach
- Extracting the best model
 - Image application

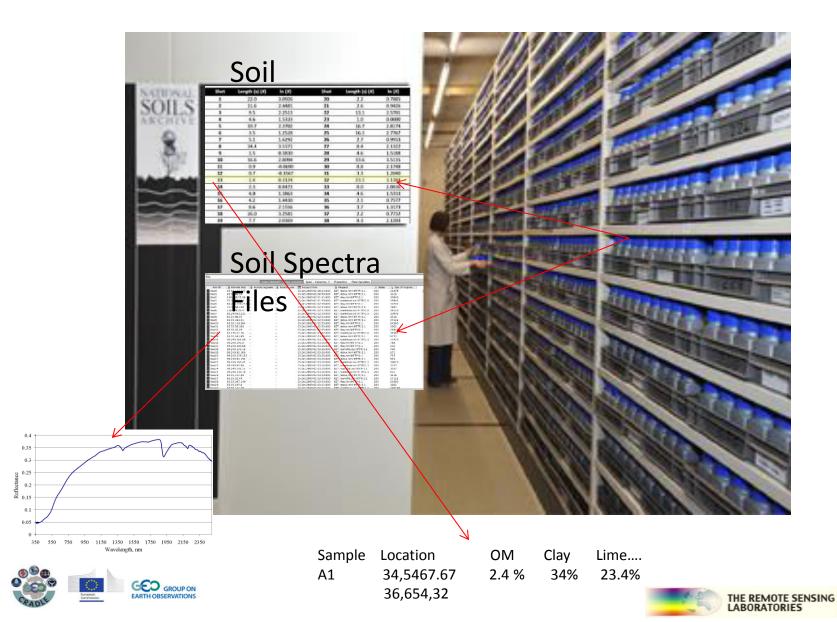


Spectral Archive





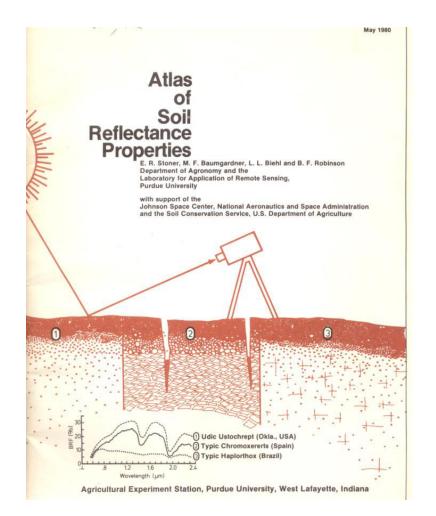
Soil Spectral Library : chemistry and spectroscopy





Past: 1980 – First Soil Spectral Library

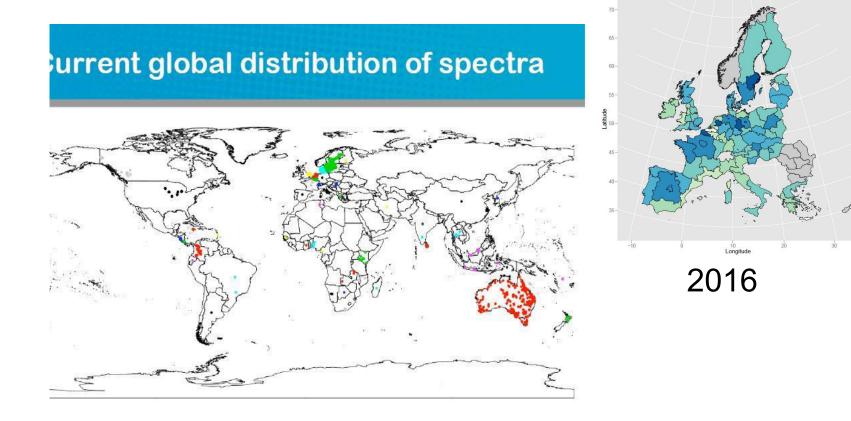
Around 4000 spectra







Today: World Soil Spectral Libraries (no measurement protocols) – many users



2015

Estimation of total number of soil spectra : **400,000**

(1980 – **4,000)**





[1,2) [2,3) [3,4)

[4.5)

[5,6) [6,7) [7,8] NA

Today

There is a publication on the global library



A global spectral library to characterize the world's soil

R.A. Viscarra Rossel ^{a,*}, T. Behrens ^b, E. Ben-Dor ^c, D.J. Brown ^d, J.A.M. Demattê ^e, K.D. Shepherd ^f, Z. Shi ^g, B. Stenberg ^h, A. Stevens ⁱ, V. Adamchuk ^j, H. Aïchi ^k, B.G. Barthès ¹, H.M. Bartholomeus ^m, A.D. Bayer ⁿ, M. Bernoux ¹, K. Böttcher ^{o,p}, L. Brodský ^q, C.W. Du ^r, A. Chappell ^a, Y. Fouad ^s, V. Genot ^t, C. Gomez ^u, S. Grunwald ^v, A. Gubler ^w, C. Guerrero ^x, C.B. Hedley ^y, M. Knadel ^z, H.J.M. Morrás ^{aa}, M. Nocita ^{ab}, L. Ramirez-Lopez ^{ac}, P. Roudier ^y, E.M. Rufasto Campos ^{ad}, P. Sanborn ^{ae}, V.M. Sellitto ^{af}, K.A. Sudduth ^{ag}, B.G. Rawlins ^{ah}, C. Walter ^s, L.A. Winowiecki ^f, S.Y. Hong ^{ai}, W. Ji ^{a,g,j}





CrossMark

Tomorrow : New Standard world wide Soil Spectral Library







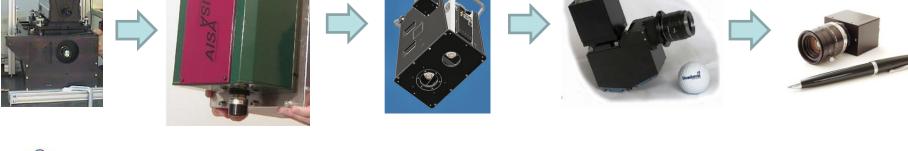
Imaging Systems





from heavy (past) to light sensors (present and future)









Imaging Platforms (air borne)





Past: Heavy aircrafts and complicated constructions (airborne)









Present: light aircraft and UAVs (airborne)





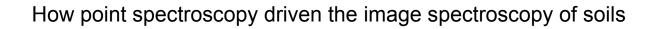


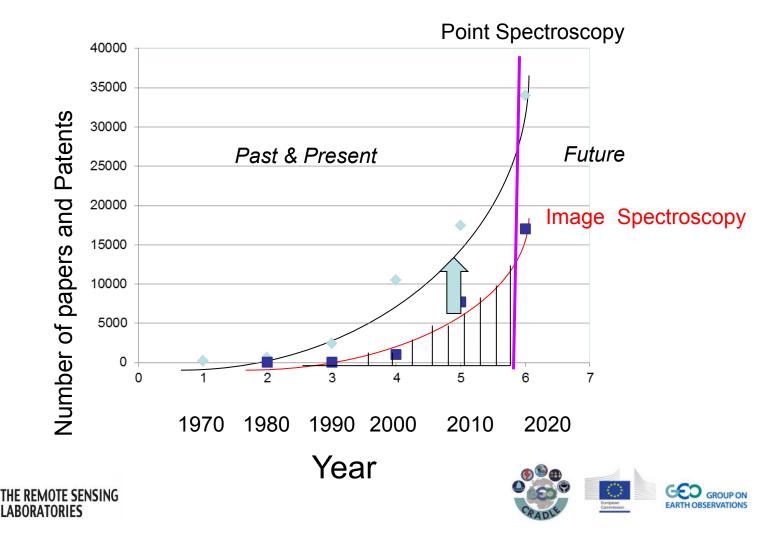


Interest



Interest





the Remote Sensing Handbook (Volume I, II, III)

Will be published by *Taylor and Francis Inc. CRC Press*, September 2015

Prasad T, Editor

Past

25 pp: 709-764

Remote Sensing of Soil in the Optical Domains

25.1	Introduction	. 709
2222	Soil Soil Soil Composition	0.00
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75.5	Soil Reflectance Spectroscopy	.718
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	Soil Reflectance and Remote Sensing	730
	Summary and Conclusions	.750
		.751



Tel Aviv University

Jose A.M. Dematte

University of Sao Paulo





HYPERSPECTRAL



Alfredo Huete



Tomorrow

Introduction and Overview

phanio, Fábio Marcelo Breunig, and، مر

ccies in Tropical Forests Using Hyperspectral Data

Ja Mapping Invasive Plant Species by Using Hyperspectral Data

Analysis of the Effects of Heavy Metals on Vegetation Hyperspectral Reflectance Properties

E. Terrence Slonecker

Hyperspectral Narrowbands and Their Indices on Assessing Nitrogen Contents of **Cotton Crop Applications** lianlong Li, Cherry Li, Dehua Zhao, and Chengcheng Gang







Tomorrow

ORGANIZATION OF SYMPOSIUM GUIDELINES FOR DIVISIONS, COMISSIONS, WORKING GROUPS, COORDINATORS AND OTHER PARTICIPANTS

Remote Sensing Applied to Soil Science

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José Alexandre M. Demattê, University of São Paulo, College of Agriculture "Luiz de Queiroz" Tel. +55 019-3417-2109, Email: jamdemat@usp.br

5. Rationale

Remote sensing is a very important topic and a growing scientific field. With many satellites, airborne (manned and un-manned) platforms and new advance sensors, this research area attracts many scientists, gavernmental entities, environmental policies and decision makers. Accordingly, this field holds a significant interest at many countries worldwide while the scientific papers on this topic grows exponentially. For soils, this theme has a great potential to attract many researchers from all over the world that could not find yet nor appreciate them in the past WCSS Symposiums. Establishing of the soil remote sensing theme in the current WCSS Symposium will, beside of exchanging information and experiences between current and future users, to foster future activity in this promising technology with other soil themes within the WCSS. Indeed, we can say that this technology works in two fields, where one is the use of available data sources (ie, free images, google earth and other) and the other is the use of specific data acquisition processes.

Researchers from other soil themes may have an access to the remote sensing technology and accordingly open new horizons for better science. In the proposed theme, a worldwide reputation of scientists will take part and contribute a fresh attitude to this old new technology that will no dough contribute much to the soil science arena.

6. Objectives

The objectives of the symposium are to report on the development of:

- a. Updating of research on applications of remote sensing in Soil Science
- b. Soil remote sensing data analyses by chemometric methods
- c. Integration of the multi and hyperspectral sensors data for soil science
- d. Use of the remote sensing data in digital soil mapping, precision agriculture, soil attributes prediction, land use, soil monitoring and environment soil impact.
- e. Available platforms and data bases for soil remote sensing study
- f. Research integration
- g. Remote sensing and others soil science integration







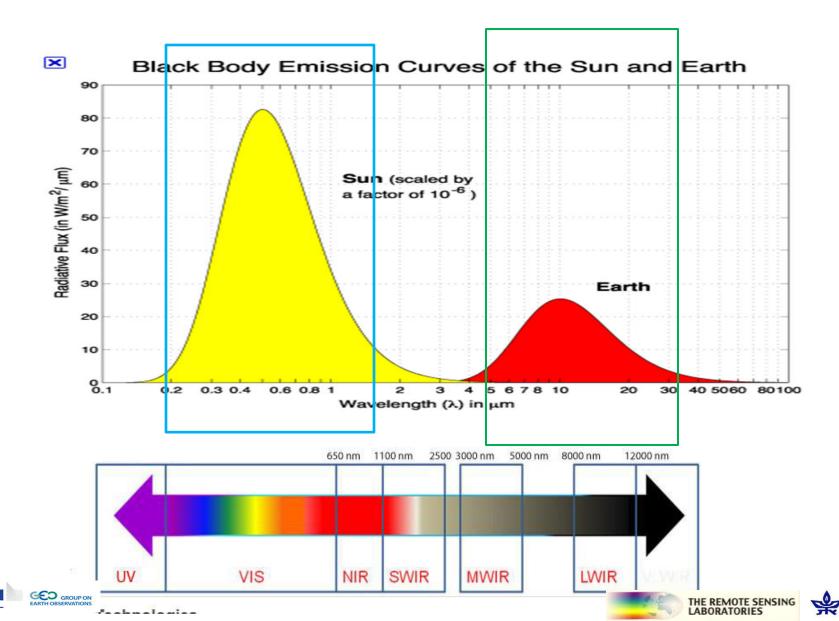
Spectral Region



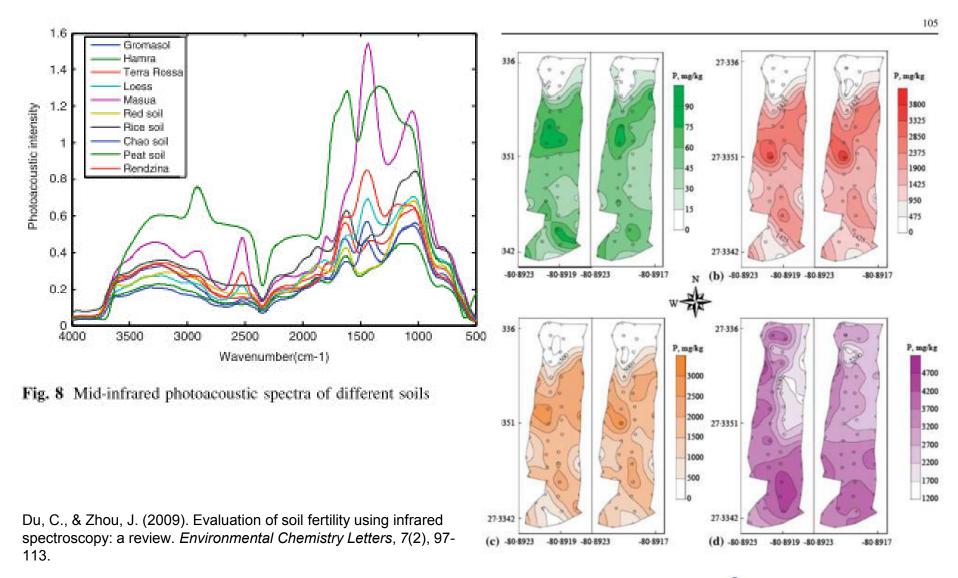


Today





Mid IR for soil P (soluble and solid)







Space Programs





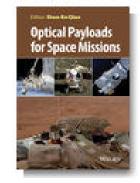
Space Programs

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Optical Payloads for Space Missions

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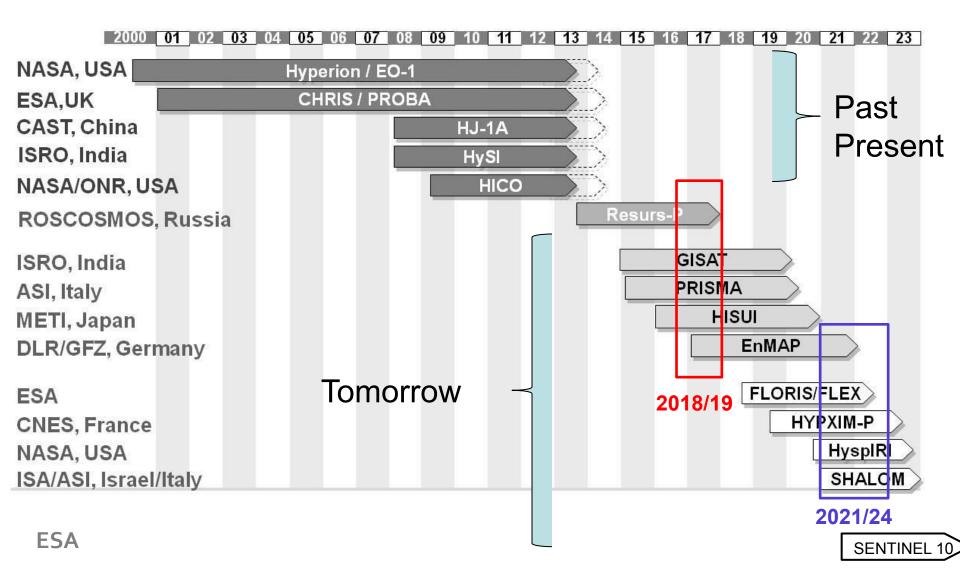






HSR Orbital Mission





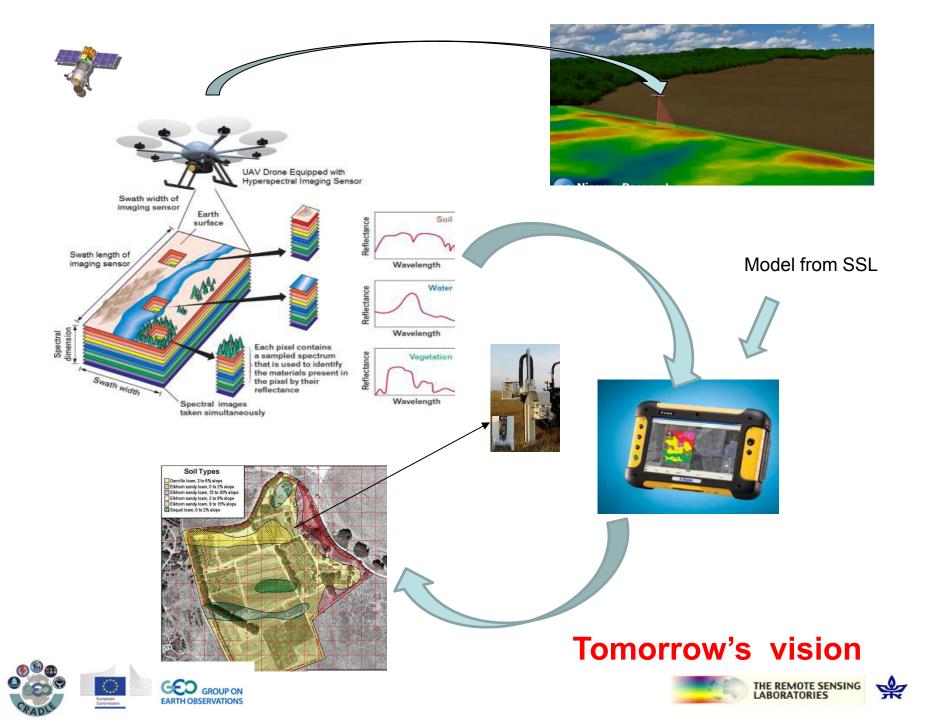
Soil monitoring from space are playing a major role in SHALOM and SENTINEL 10 missions



GEO GROUP ON EARTH OBSERVATIONS Soil Salinity: (gypsum, sodium) Soil Minerals: (iron oxides, organic matter, clay, carbonates, CEC, SSA, Quartz) Soil infiltration: (crust, classes) Soil Formation: (clay, iron oxides) Soil Erosion (Iron Oxised, Clay Minerals) Soil Contamination: (heavy metals, TPH) Soil Hydrophobicity (Organic Matter) Soil Moisture: (H2O) Soil Quality : (Bio Assay test) Soil Nutrition (N, P,K) Soil Degradation: (all the above) Spectral Change Detection (all the above) Many others by Indirect Relationship







Conclusions

- Soil Hyperspectal Remote Sensing is a growing field with a growing recognition
- Soil Hyperspectral Remote Sensing has a great potential in many directions.

 The future is bright in soil spectral imaging base on the knowhow already accumulated and on the forthcoming advance technology (sensors, accessories, platforms)





SSL Israel





THE REMOTE SENSING LABORATORY TEL AVIV UNIVERSITY

Collecting Soil samples for local ISS

from:

RSL field survey

Ministry of Agriculture

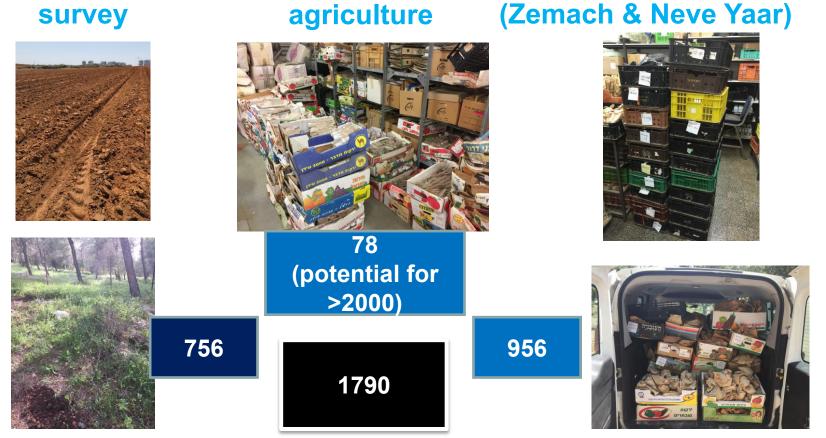
Sherut Sade – Field Survey

Soil Conservation and Drainage monitoing unit





RSL Field survey

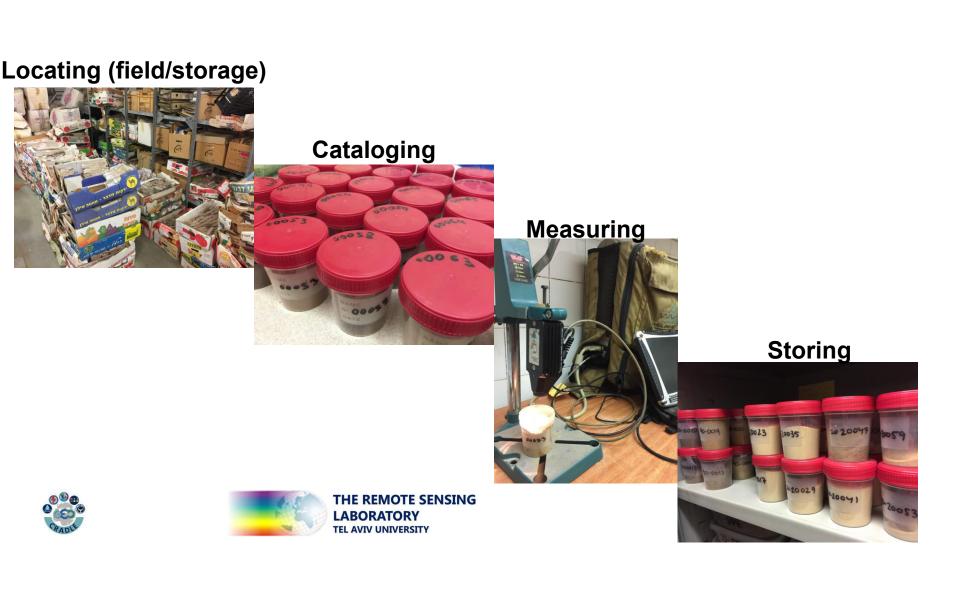


Ministry of



Sherut Sade





Important Points to established SSLs

- **Samples selection** Need to represent the soil orders of the country (GEO-CRALE)
- Meta Data Need to be organized at a standard way (GEO-CRADLE)
- Soil Attributes Need to be obliged (5 attributes, GEO-CRADLE) and optional (OPEN)
- Chemical Analyses At the same protocol and experimental errors must be provided (OPEN)
- Spectral Measurement Under standard and protocol (GEO-CRADLE)
- Data archiving –Book's Library protocl (for finding samples on the shelves) (GEO-CRADLE)
- Digital filing and saving format an agreed structure (GEO-CRADLE)





Special Thank goes to:

- Dr. Gil Eshel, Soil Conservation and Erosion Unit
- Dr. Pinhas Fine, Soil Department, Vulcani Center for Agricultural Research
- Mrs. Nurit Ben- Hagai, Field Services Zemach
- Mrs. Iris Raz, Field Spectra Neve Yaar
- And to the Ministry of Agriculture that understood the important of local SSL and support the foundation of IL-SSL





Thank You for Your Attention

Makhtesh Ramon Israel

